

香港立法會大樓 Legislative Council of Hong Kong



Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China on 1 July 1997. Under the Basic Law of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, which came into effect on the same day, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) is vested with legislative power and the Legislative Council is the legislature of the Region.

The main functions of the Legislative Council are to enact, amend or repeal laws; examine and approve budgets, taxation and public expenditure; and raise questions on the work of the government. The Legislative Council is also given the power to endorse the appointment and removal of the judges of the Court of Final Appeal and the Chief Judge of the High Court, as well as the power to impeach the Chief Executive.

香港由1997年7月1日起成為中華人民共和國的特別行政區。根據於同日生效的《中華人民共和國香港特別行政區基本法》，香港特別行政區享有立法權，而立法會是香港特別行政區的立法機關。立法會的主要職能是制定、修改和廢除法律；審核及通過財政預算、稅收和公共開支；以及對政府的工作提出質詢。立法會亦獲授權同意終審法院法官和高等法院首席法官的任免，並有權彈劾行政長官。

